- 1. If you wear gloves when performing your job duties, you do not need to perform hand hygiene after removing them.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. If you are unsure what to do before entering the room of a patient on isolation precautions, how can you find out what precautions you should use? Select all that apply.
 - a. Read the isolation precautions sign on the door
 - b. Ask the primary nurse
 - c. Put on gloves, gown, mask, and shoe covers regardless of the isolation category
 - d. Ask the CNC or charge nurse
- 3. Which of the following is NOT an isolation precautions category?
 - a. Contact Precautions
 - b. Airborne Precautions
 - c. Bloodborne Pathogen Precautions
 - d. Droplet Precautions
- 4. This sign is displayed on the door of a patient's room. What precautions should be used? Select all that apply.
 - a. Gown and gloves when entering the room regardless of the purpose of entry
 - b. Alcohol based hand hygiene only
 - c. Clean the room with a hospital approved agent containing bleach
 - d. Use dedicated or single use patient care equipment/supplies



- 5. You are providing care to a patient with *C. difficile*. After removing the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), you would perform hand hygiene by:
 - a. Using alcohol-based hand sanitizer
 - b. Using hospital approved soap and water
 - c. Using soap and water only if hands are soiled
 - d. Using either hand sanitizer or soap and water
- 6. Appropriate routine management of patients with suspected or know TB (Tuberculosis) includes:

- a. Placement in an Airborne Infection Isolation Room with the door closed
- b. Use of a hospital supplied N-95 Respirator by all staff entering the room
- c. The patient wears a surgical-grade mask if leaving the room is necessary
- d. All of the above
- **7.** What are the considerations when preparing a patient on isolation precautions for transport for a medically necessary test, such as CT, MRI or other procedure.? Select all that apply.
 - a. If possible, schedule the patient as the last case of the day
 - b. Notify the receiving department about the patient's isolation precautions category
 - c. Notify Environmental Services (EVS) of the patient's movement
 - d. Ensure that the patient wears a surgical mask if on Airborne or Droplet Precautions
 - e. Transporting staff must wear a mask when transporting masked patients who are on Droplet Precautions
 - f. Varicella skin lesion or open wounds must be covered
- **8.** It is acceptable to wear PPE (i.e. disposable gown and gloves) at the nurses' station and in the hallways? (Mask for COVID and/or Flu is allowable)
 - **a.** True
 - b. False
- 9. After discharging a patient who was on Airborne Precautions for active TB, the room must remain closed and under negative pressure for a minimum of 60 minutes before EVS staff should enter the room to clean. If unable to keep the room closed for 60 minutes, a hospital approved N-95 Respirator must be worn before entering the room.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 10. I have reviewed the updated 2024 Transmission Based Isolation Policy and attest that I will follow the practice guidelines. I understand that failure to follow policy may result in corrective action.
 - a. Yes
 - b. No